INVERNESS PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT (A California Special District)

INVERNESS, CALIFORNIA

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2021

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R. J. RICCIARDI, INC. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Inverness Public Utility District Inverness, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Inverness Public Utility District (a California special district), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Inverness Public Utility District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's *Minimum Audit Requirements for Special Districts;* this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's *Minimum Audit Requirements for Special Districts*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to Inverness Public Utility District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Inverness Public Utility District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and, where applicable, cash flows of Inverness Public Utility District, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Minimum Audit Requirements for Special Districts.

To the Board of Directors Inverness Public Utility District - Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (pages 3-7) and the pension plan information, schedule of change in the net OPEB liability and related ratios, and budgetary comparison information (pages 38-42), as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

R. J. Ricciardi, Inc.

R. J. Ricciardi, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

San Rafael, California January 26, 2022

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of activities and financial performance of the Inverness Public Utility District (the District) provides an introduction to the financial statements of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Independent Auditor's Report and with the basic financial statements and related notes, which follow this section.

Using This Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities and performance of the District using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's investments in resources (assets), deferred outflows of resources, the obligations to creditors (liabilities), and deferred inflows of resources. It also provides the basis for computing a rate of return, evaluating the capital structure of the District and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the District. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities. These statements measure the success of the District's operations and can be used to determine the District's profitability and credit worthiness.

Government-wide Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

One of the most important questions asked about the District's finances is: "Is the District better off or worse off as a result of this year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the District in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. Think of the District's net position - the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources - as one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the District's property tax bases and the types of grants for which the District applies to assess the overall financial health of the District.

Fund Financial Statements

Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheets and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 17 through 33.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required* supplementary information concerning the District's budgetary information, pension plan information, and schedule of change in the net OPEB liability and related ratios. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 38 through 42.

Government-wide Financial Analysis - Governmental Activities

Statement of Net Position

The following table is a condensed summary of the statements of net position at June 30, 2021, with prior year comparative information:

Table 1
Governmental Net Position at June 30

	20)21	2020
Current assets	\$	2,976,489	\$ 2,649,076
Capital assets, net of depreciation		8,973	16,829
Total assets		<u>2,985,462</u>	 2,665,905
Deferred outflows		110,244	 40,498
Current liabilities		95,690	94,203
Long-term liabilities		379,752	 439,537
Total liabilities		475,442	 533,740
Deferred inflows		110,757	 13,995
Net position:			
Invested in capital assets, net of debt		8,973	16,829
Restricted		571,730	478,034
Unrestricted		1 <u>,928,804</u>	 1,663,805
Total net position	\$	<u>2,509,507</u>	\$ 2,158,668

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets of the District exceeded liabilities by \$2,509,507 as of June 30, 2021. Compared to the prior year, net position of the District increased \$350,838. The District's net position is made-up of three components: (1) net investment in capital assets, (2) restricted net position (3) unrestricted net position.

Statement of Activities

The following table is a condensed summary of the statement of activities for the year ended June 30, 2021, with prior year comparative information

Table 2
Changes in Governmental Net Position

	Governmental Activities 2021	Governmental Activities 2020
Expenses General government (operations and fire protection) Public safety	\$ 242,743 239,285	\$ 263,730 426,261
Total expenses Revenues Program revenues: Charges for services Operating grants and contributions Total program revenues	482,028	
General revenues: Taxes Other revenues Interest income Total general revenues Total revenues	694,924 137,902 40 832,866 832,866	714,493 39,652 - 754,145 754,145
Change in net position	<u>\$ 350,838</u>	<u>\$ 64,154</u>

Table 3
Business-type Net Position at June 30

	Business-type 2021	Business-type 2020
Current assets Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total assets Deferred outflows	\$ (652,745) 1,692,966 1,040,221 257,236	\$ (511,580)
Current liabilities Long-term debt outstanding Total liabilities Deferred inflows	87,767 909,636 997,403 258,432	88,617 1,044,500 1,133,117 32,655
Net position: Invested in capital assets Unrestricted Total net position	1,692,966 (1,651,344) \$ 41,622	1,638,800 (1,582,856) \$ 55,944

Table 4
Changes in Business-Type Net Position

	Business-Type Activities 2021	Business-Type Activities 2020
Expenses Water	\$ 611,104	\$ 908,864
Total expenses Revenues Program revenues: Charges for services Total program revenues		
General revenues: Interest income Total general revenues Total revenues	14,346 14,346 596,782	25,160 25,160 559,274
Change in net position	<u>\$ (14,322)</u>	\$ (349,590)

Table 5
Capital Assets at Year-end

	Balance at June 30, 2021		Balance at June 30, 2020		
Governmental Activities					
Buildings	\$	237,515	\$	237,515	
Tankers and vehicles		381,811		381,811	
Equipment and furnishings		298,802		294,452	
Less: accumulated depreciation		(909,155)		(896,949)	
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$	8,973	\$	16,829	
Business-type Activities					
Non-depreciable assets	\$	288,337	\$	215,969	
Wells		71,499		71,499	
Plant and equipment		4,114,377		4,025,804	
Less: accumulated depreciation		(2,781,248)		(2,674,472)	
Business-type activity capital assets, net	\$	1,692,965	\$	1,638,800	

At June 30, 2021, the District's investment in capital assets amounted to \$1,701,939 net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, fire apparatus, furnishings and equipment, collection and distribution systems, tanks, wells, water treatment facilities and construction-in-process. The capital assets of the District are more fully analyzed in Note 3 to the basic financial statements.

Conditions Affecting Current Financial Position

Management is unaware of any conditions which could have a significant impact on the District's current financial position, net position, or operating results in terms of past, present and future.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide the District's funding sources, customers, stakeholders and other interested parties with an overview of the District's financial operations and financial conditions. Should the reader have questions regarding the information included in this report or wish to request additional financial information, please contact the District's Administrator at P.O Box 469, Inverness, California 94937 or (415) 669-1414.

Inverness Public Utility District STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2021

	Governmenta Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash and investments	\$ 1,604,280	\$ -	\$ 1,604,280
OPEB Trust restricted cash and investments	571,730	-	571,730
Accounts receivable	180	90,236	90,416
Interfund accounts	773,170	(773,170)	-
Prepaid items	27,129	30,189	57,318
Non-depreciable capital assets	-	288,337	288,337
Depreciable capital assets, net	8,973	1,404,629	1,413,602
Total assets	2,985,462	1,040,221	4,025,683
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS			
Deferred outflows related to retiree health	76,680	178,920	255,600
Deferred outflows related to pensions	33,564	78,316	111,880
Total deferred outflows of resources	110,244	257,236	367,480
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	83,805	1,610	85,415
Deposits	-	9,025	9,025
Unearned income	-	77,132	77,132
Compensated absences	11,885	23,548	35,433
Long-term liabilities			
OPEB Liability	247,549	577,615	825,164
Net pension liability	132,203	308,473	440,676
Total liabilities	475,442	997,403	1,472,845
DEFERRED INFLOWS			
Deferred inflows related to retiree health	105,688	246,605	352,293
Deferred inflows related to pensions	5,069	11,827	16,896
Total deferred inflows of resources	110,757	258,432	369,189
NET POSITION			
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	8,973	1,692,966	1,701,939
Restricted	571,730	-	571,730
Unrestricted net position	1,928,804	(1,651,344)	277,460
Total net position	\$ 2,509,507	\$ 41,622	\$ 2,551,129

Inverness Public Utility District STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended June 30, 2021

			Net (Expense) Revenue and								
			Program Revenues		(Changes in 1	Net 1	Position			
					Ор	erating					
			Ch	arges for	Gra	nts and	Go	vernmental	Bus	iness-type	
Functions/Programs	I	Expenses		Services	Cont	ributions		Activities	Α	ctivities	 Total
Governmental activities:											
General government	\$	242,743	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(242,743)			\$ (242,743)
Public safety		239,285						(239,285)			 (239,285)
Total governmental activities		482,028		-				(482,028)			 (482,028)
Business-type activities:											
Water		611,104		582,436					\$	(28,668)	 (28,668)
Total business-type activities		611,104		582,436						(28,668)	 (28,668)
Total	\$	1,093,132	\$	582,436	\$			(482,028)		(28,668)	 (510,696)
General revenues:											
Property taxes								694,924		-	694,924
Other revenues								137,902		-	137,902
Interest income								40		14,346	 14,386
Total general revenues								832,866		14,346	 847,212
Change in net position								350,838		(14,322)	336,516
Net position beginning of period								2,158,669		55,944	2,214,613
Net position ending of period							\$	2,509,507	\$	41,622	\$ 2,551,129

Inverness Public Utility District GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 2021

<u>ASSETS</u>		
Cash and investments	\$	1,604,280
OPEB Trust restricted cash and investments		571,730
Accounts receivable		180
Prepaid items		27,129
Due from other funds	_	1,748,899
Total assets	\$	3,952,218
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Accounts payable	\$	83,805
Compensated absences		11,885
Due to other funds	_	975,729
Total liabilities	_	1,071,419
FUND BALANCES		
Nonspendable		27,129
Restricted OPEB Trust		571,730
Assigned for:		
Specific purposes		2,909,387
Unassigned		(627,447)
Total fund balances	_	2,880,799
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,952,218

Inverness Public Utility District Reconciliation of the

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BALANCE SHEET

with the Governmental Activities

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

For the year ended June 30, 2021

TOTAL FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 2,880,799
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of	
Net Position are different from those reported in the Governmental	
Funds above because of the following:	
CAPITAL ASSETS	
Capital Assets used in Governmental Activities are not current assets	
or financial resources and therefore are not reported in the	
Governmental Funds.	8,973
LONG-TERM ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	
The assets and liabilities below are not due and payable in the current	
period and therefore are not reported in the Funds:	
Deferred outflows pension	33,564
Deferred outflows OPEB	76,680
Deferred inflows pension	(5,069)
Deferred inflows OPEB	(105,688)
OPEB liability	(247,549)
Net pension liability	 (132,203)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 2,509,507

Inverness Public Utility District GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES,

EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the year ended June 30, 2021

Revenues:		
Taxes	\$	694,924
Interest income		40
Other revenues		137,902
Total revenues		832,866
Expenditures:		
Current:		
General government		247,093
Public safety		259,847
Total expenditures	_	506,940
Excess (deficit) of revenues		
over (under) expenditures		325,926
Fund balances, beginning of period	_	2,554,873
Fund balances, end of period	\$	2,880,799

Inverness Public Utility District Reconciliation of the

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

with the

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended June 30, 2021

The schedule below reconciles the Net Changes in Fund Balances reported on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance, which measures only changes in current assets and current liabilities on the modified accrual basis, with the Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities reported in the Statement of Activities, which is prepared on the full accrual basis.

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

325,926

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:

CAPITAL ASSETS TRANSACTIONS

Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital outlay 4,350

Depreciation expense is deducted from the fund balance (12,207)

ACCRUAL OF NON-CURRENT ITEMS

The amounts below included in the Statement of Activities do not provide or (require) the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenue or expenditures in the governmental funds (net change):

OPEB expense 39,769
Pension expense (7,000)

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES \$ 350,838

Inverness Public Utility District PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2021

	Water
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Current assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ -
Accounts receivable	90,236
Prepaid items	30,189
Total current assets	120,425
Non-current assets:	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	1,692,966
Total assets	1,813,391
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	
Deferred outflows related to retiree health	178,920
Deferred outflows related to pensions	<u>78,316</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>257,236</u>
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	
Current liabilities:	
Accrued expenses	1,610
Customer deposits	9,025
Unearned income	77,132
Compensated absences	23,548
Due to other funds	773,170
Total current liabilities	884,485
Long-term liabilities	
OPEB liability	577,615
Net pension liability	308,473
Total liabilities	1,770,573
<u>DEFERRED INFLOWS</u>	
Deferred inflows related to retiree health	246,605
Deferred inflows related to pensions	11,827
Total deferred inflows of resources	258,432
NET POSITION	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,692,966
Unrestricted	(1,651,344)
Total net position	\$ 41,622

Inverness Public Utility District PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES,

EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

For the year ended June 30, 2021

	Water
Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 582,436
Total operating revenues	582,436
Operating expenses:	
Personnel services	360,908
Collection and treatment	69,880
Distribution	44,000
Depreciation	106,775
Administration	29,541
Total operating expenses	611,104
Operating income (loss)	(28,668)
Nonoperating revenues and expenses:	
Interest income	14,346
Change in not position	(1.4.222)
Change in net position Net position, beginning of period	(14,322)
Net position, end of period	55,944 \$ 41,622
iver position, end of period	Ψ +1,022

Inverness Public Utility District PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended June 30, 2021

	Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds Water
Cash flows from operating activities:	w atci
Receipts from customers	\$ 598,995
Payments to suppliers	ψ 376,773 (19,665)
Payments to employees	(432,735)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	146,595
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Acquisition of capital assets	(160,941)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related	
financing activities	(160,941)
Cash flows from investing activities:	(100,511)
Interest income	14,346
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	-
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period	
Cash and cash equivalents - end of period	\$ -
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash	
provided (used in) operating activities:	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (28,668)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to	
net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	106,775
Changes in certain assets and liabilities:	
Accounts receivable	16,559
Prepaid items	18
Accounts payable	(850)
Deposits	-
Unearned income	-
Due to/from other funds	124,588
Compensated absences	4,635
OPEB	(160,480)
Pension expense	84,018
Total adjustments	175,263
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 146,595

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Organization and Description of District

The Inverness Public Utility District (the District) was formed in 1948 with the intent to purchase the water system serving the Inverness Valley community. In 1949 and 1950, the District attempted to purchase the water system serving the community; however, the District did not receive the required votes from the community to make the purchase. In 1951, the District took over the operations of the Inverness Volunteer Fire Department. In 1980, the District purchased the water system serving the community. The District is governed by a five-member Board of Directors who serve four-year terms and are elected at large. The directors entrust the responsibility for the efficient execution of District policies to their designated representative, the General Manager. The District is subject to the laws, regulations and guidelines as set forth by the State Controller's Office. Major sources of revenue for the District include water service charges and property taxes.

B. The Reporting Entity

The District is the primary governmental unit based on the foundation of a separately elected governing board that is elected by the citizens in a general popular election. The District has no blended or discretely presented component units.

C. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The basic financial statements of the District are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- · Fund financial statements
- Notes to the basic financial statements

Government-wide Statements: These statements are presented on an economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting for both governmental and business-like activities. Accordingly, all of the District's assets and liabilities, including capital assets, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned, while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the operating expenses of a given function are offset by operating revenues. Operating expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. The types of transactions reported as operating revenues for the District are charges for services directly related to the operations of the District. Charges for services include revenues from customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by the District. Taxes, operating grants and other items not properly included among operating revenues are reported instead as non-operating revenues. Contributed capital and capital grants are included as capital contributions.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u>: The underlying accounting system of the District is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. <u>Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus</u> (concluded)

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental* and *proprietary* are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major individual governmental and enterprise funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and liabilities are included on the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Accordingly, revenues are recorded when received in cash, except that revenues subject to accrual (generally 60 days after year-end) are recognized when due. The primary sources susceptible to accrual for the District are property tax, interest earnings, investment revenue and operating and capital grant revenues. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. However, exceptions to this rule may include principal and interest on debt, which are recognized when due.

The accrual basis of accounting is followed by the proprietary fund. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, or economic asset used. Unbilled water receivables are recorded at year end.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned, and expenses are recognized in the period incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Operating revenues, such as water sales, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the District. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as grant funding and investment income, result from non-exchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) value in exchange.

D. Major Funds

GASB Statement 34 defines major funds and requires that the District's major governmental and business-type funds be identified and presented separately in the fund financial statements. All other funds, called non-major funds, are combined and reported in a single column, regardless of their fund-type.

Major funds are defined as funds that have assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses equal to ten percent of their fund-type total and five percent of the grand total. The General Fund is always a major fund. The District may also select other funds it believes should be presented as major funds.

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Major Funds (concluded)

The District reported the following major governmental funds in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>General Fund</u>: This fund accounts for the operations of the District. The General Fund is used for all the general revenues of the District not specifically levied or collected for other District funds and the related expenditures. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources of a governmental unit that are not accounted for in another fund.

Water Enterprise Fund: This fund accounts for the water operations of the District.

E. Net Position

Net Position is the excess of all the District's assets over all its liabilities, regardless of fund. Net Position is divided into three captions under GASB Statement 34. These captions apply only to Net Position, which is determined only at the Government-wide level, and are described below:

Invested in Capital, net of related debt describes the portion of Net Position that is represented by the current net book value of the District's capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted describes the portion of Net Position that is restricted as to use by the terms and conditions of agreements with outside parties, governmental regulations, laws, or other restrictions that the District cannot unilaterally alter.

Unrestricted describes the portion of Net Position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets. This may include amounts Board-designated to be reported as being held for a particular purpose.

F. Fund Balance

The financial statements - governmental funds report fund balances as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on how specific amounts can be spent.

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not spendable in form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts with constraints placed on their use that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes determined by formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority (the Board of Directors) and that remain binding unless removed in the same manner. The underlying action that imposed the limitation needs to occur no later than the close of the reporting period.

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F. Fund Balance (concluded)

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes. The intent can be established at either the highest level of decision-making, or by a body or an official designated for that purpose. This is also the classification for residual funds in the District's special revenue funds.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the District's general fund that includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification is used only if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

The Board of Directors establishes, modifies or rescinds fund balance commitments and assignments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is done through adoption of the budget and subsequent budget amendments that occur throughout the year.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, followed by the unrestricted, committed, assigned and unassigned resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance Policy

The District believes that sound financial management principles require that sufficient funds be retained by the District to provide a stable financial base at all times. To retain this stable financial base, the District needs to maintain an unrestricted fund balance in its funds sufficient to fund cash flows of the District and to provide financial reserves for unanticipated expenditures and/or revenue shortfalls of an emergency nature. Committed, assigned and unassigned fund balances are considered unrestricted.

The purpose of the District's fund balance policy is to maintain a prudent level of financial resources to protect against reducing service levels or raising taxes and fees because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted one-time expenditures.

G. Accounts Receivable

The District bills the local residents for water usage on a bi-monthly basis. Estimated unbilled water revenue through June 30 has been accrued at year-end for the Water Enterprise Fund. Management believes all amounts are collectible and, accordingly, there is no provision for uncollectible accounts reflected herein.

H. <u>Deferred Revenue</u>

Deferred revenue arises when assets are received before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. The District bills for its fixed service charge in advance. Therefore, the portion of customers' bills that is for the fixed charge is deferred.

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

I. Capital Contributions

Capital contributions represent cash and capital asset additions contributed to the District by property owners, granting agencies or real estate developers desiring services that require capital expenditures or capacity commitment.

J. <u>Budgetary Policies</u>

The District follows specific procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements. Each April, the District's General Manager prepares and submits a capital and operating budget to the Board of Directors for adoption no later than June of each year. The basis used to prepare the budget does not differ substantially from the modified accrual basis of accounting. The adopted budget becomes operative on July 1.

The Board of Directors must approve all supplemental appropriations to the budget and transfers between major funds. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level. Budget information is presented as required supplementary information for the general fund.

K. Compensated Absences

The District's policy is to permit employees to accumulate an unlimited amount of earned vacation leave. Accumulated vacation time is accrued at year-end to account for the District's obligation to the employees for the amount owed. Sick leave, which is limited to 80 hours per year for full-time employees and is pro-rated for part-time employees, is unearned and does not carry over to the following fiscal year.

Governmental fund types recognize the vested vacation as an expenditure in the current year to the extent it is paid during the year. Accrued vacation relating to governmental funds is included as a long-term liability in the Statement of Net Position as those are payable from future resources and within the Balance Sheet - Water Enterprise Fund for amounts relating to the proprietary fund type.

L. Capital Assets

Capital assets acquired and/or constructed are capitalized at historical cost. District policy has set the capitalization threshold for recording capital assets at \$1,000 (\$3,000 prior to June 30, 2017). Donated assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation and/or historical cost. Upon retirement or other disposition of capital assets, the cost and related accumulation depreciation are removed from the respective balances and any gains or losses are recognized. Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Governmental Activities

- Buildings and improvements 5 to 30 years
- Fire apparatus 3 to 20 years
- Furnishings and equipment 3 to 7 years

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

L. Capital Assets (concluded)

Business-Type Activities

- Collection and distribution system 5 to 50 years
- Tanks 5 to 40 years
- Water treatment 5 to 40 years
- Wells 40 years
- Vehicles and equipment 5 to 7 years

M. Investments and Investment Policy

The District has adopted an investment policy directing the District's General Manager to deposit funds in financial institutions. Investments are to be made in the following areas:

- Financial institution checking and savings accounts
- California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)

Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as investment income reported for that fiscal year. Investment income includes interest earnings, changes in fair value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation or sale of investments.

Local Agency Investment Fund - LAIF is regulated by California Government Code (Code) Section 16429 and is under the management of the State of California Treasurer's Office with oversight provided by the Local Agency Investment Advisory Board.

LAIF is carried at fair value based on the value of each participating dollar as provided by LAIF. The fair value of the District's position in the LAIF is the same as the value of its pooled share. Investment in securities of the U.S. government or its agencies are carried at fair value based on quoted market prices. Bank balances are secured by the pledging of a pool of eligible securities to collateralize the District's deposits with the bank in accordance with the Code.

N. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash is defined as cash in demand deposit accounts as well as cash on hand. Cash equivalents are short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and investments so near their maturity that the risk of changes in value due to changes in interest rates is negligible. These are generally investments with maturity dates within three months of the acquisition date.

O. Use of Estimates

The financial statements have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, and as such, include amounts based on informed estimates and judgments of management with consideration given to materiality. Actual results could differ from those amounts.

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (concluded)

P. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Inverness Public Utility District's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Q. <u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources</u>

Pursuant to GASB Statement 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, and GASB Statement 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, the District recognizes deferred outflows and inflows of resources.

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. A deferred outflow of resources is defined as a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. A deferred inflow of resources is defined as an acquisition of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period.

NOTE 2 - <u>CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS</u>

The District maintains an operating account at Bank of America, and all other funds are on deposit with the California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) investment pool (see Note 1M, Investments and Investment Policy).

These funds have been segregated into various accounts and, at June 30, 2021 the balances were as follows:

Deposits held with LAIF	\$ 1,062,691
California Employers Retirees Benefit Trust	571,730
Deposits held with financial institutions	 541,589
Total cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$ 2.176.010

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for deposits and investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party.

NOTE 2 - <u>CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS</u> (concluded)

California Law requires banks and savings and loan associations to pledge government securities with a market value of 110% of the District's cash on deposit or first trust deed mortgage notes with a value of 150% of the deposit as collateral for these deposits. Under California Law, this collateral is held in the District's name and places the District ahead of general creditors of the institution.

Fair Value Reporting - Investments

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. These levels are determined by the District's investment manager based on a review of the investment class, structure and what kind of securities are held in the portfolio. The District's holdings are classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

NOTE 3 - <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital assets consisted of the following at June 30, 2021:

Governmental Activities	Balance 7/1/20				Deletions/ Transfers		Balance 5/30/21
Depreciable assets		_					
Buildings	\$	237,515	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 237,515
Vehicles		381,811		-		-	381,811
Furnishings and equipment		294,452		4,35 0			 298,802
Total depreciable assets		913,778	\$	4,350	\$		918,128
Total accumulated depreciation		(896,949)					 (909 , 155)
Total capital assets, net	\$	16,829					\$ 8,973

Depreciation expense under governmental activities (district operations/fire protection) totaled \$12,207.

Business-Type Activities	Balance 7/1/20		Additions		Deletions/ Transfers		Balance 6/30/21	
Non-depreciable assets								
Land	\$	66,320	\$	-	\$	-	\$	66,320
Construction in progress		149,649		72,368				222,017
Total non-depreciable assets		215,969		72,368				288,337
Depreciable assets								
Wells		71,499		-		-		71,499
Collection system		375,590		7,377		-		382,967
Distribution system		1,083,066		81,196		-		1,164,262
Tanks		1,062,276		-		-		1,062,276
Water treatment		1,371,899		-		-		1,371,899
Vehicles and equipment		132,973		<u>-</u>				132,973
Total depreciable assets		4,097,303	\$	88,573	\$			4,185,876
Total accumulated depreciation		(2,674,472)						(2,781,248)
Total depreciable assets, net		1,422,831						1,404,628
Total capital assets, net	\$	1,638,800					\$	1,692,965

Depreciation expense under business-type activities (retail water enterprise) totaled \$106,775.

NOTE 4 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PREPAID/(PAYABLE)

A. General Information about the OPEB Plan

<u>Plan Descriptions</u>- The District provides other post-employment benefits (OPEB) through CalPERS health. Eligible retirees have access to medical plan coverage for life.

Benefits Provided - The District pays a portion of the cost of health insurance for retirees under any group plan offered by CalPERS. Employees are eligible to retire and receive District-paid benefits after attaining age 50 and completing at least 5 years of service. District-paid benefits are capped at the PERS Choice premiums. Eligible retirees are provided District-paid benefits for their lifetime. District-paid benefits are also provided for the lifetime of any eligible surviving spouses. In addition, the District pays the CalPERS administrative fees.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

Retirees or beneficiaries receiving benefit payments as of June 30, 2020	4
Active eligible employees as of June 30, 2020	7
Total	11

The District's required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. The District has an irrevocable OPEB trust with California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT).

B. Net OPEB Liability

The District's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 30, 2020. Standard actuarial update procedures were used to project/discount from valuation to measurement dates.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>- The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation rate	2.75%
Salary increases	3.00%
Discount rate	2.63%

Investment rate of return 6.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense

Healthcare cost trend rate 5.20% for 2020 through 2049; 5.00% for 2050 through 2064; and

4.00% for 2065 and later years.

Medicare cost trend rate 3.50% in all years

Mortality rates were based on the CalPERS mortality rates for miscellaneous and safety employees from the most recent experience study (1997-2015). The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the CalPERS experience study and a review of plan experience during the period June 30, 2018 to June 30, 2020.

<u>Discount Rate</u> – GASB 75 requires the use of a discount rate that considers the availability of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position associated with the OPEB of current active and inactive employees and the investment horizon of those resources.

NOTE 4 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PREPAID/(PAYABLE) (continued)

B. Net OPEB Liability (concluded)

OPEB plans with irrevocable trust accounts can utilize a discount rate equal to the long-term expected rate of return to the extent that the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments and the OPEB plan assets are expected to be invested using a strategy to achieve that return.

To determine if the OPEB plan assets are sufficient, a calculation of the projected fiduciary net position and the amount of projected benefit payments is compared in each period. When OPEB plan assets are determined to not be sufficient, a blended rate is calculated.

For OPEB plans that do not have irrevocable trust accounts, GASB 75 requires a discount rate equal to the yield or index rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

The District has an irrevocable trust account for prefunding OPEB liabilities. Plan assets are not expected to be sufficient. The blended discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability is as follows:

	Measurement	Long-Term	Fidelity GO AA	
Reporting Date	Date	Expected Rate	20 Years	GASB 75
Fiscal Year End	Fiscal Year End	of Return	Municipal Index	Discount Rate
June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	6.00%	3.13%	4.134%
June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	6.00%	2.45%	2.63%

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The calculated investment rate of return was set equal to the expected ten-year compound (geometric) real return plus inflation (rounded to the nearest 25 basis points, where appropriate). The table below provides the long-term expected real rates of return by asset class (based on published capital market assumptions).

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Global ex-U.S. Equity	40.0%	5.5%
U.S. Fixed	43.0%	1.5%
TIPS	5.0%	1.2%
Real Estate	8.0%	3.7%
Commodities	4.0%	0.6%

NOTE 4 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PREPAID/(PAYABLE) (continued)

C. Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total OPEB	Plan Fiduciary	Net OPEB			
	Liability (a)	Net Position (b)	Liability (a) - (b)			
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$ 1,303,055	\$ 477,891	\$ 825,164			
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	127,780	\$ -	127,780			
Interest	58,068	-	58,068			
Changes of benefit term	-	-	-			
Difference between expected and actual						
experience	(487,791)	-	(487,791)			
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	350,704	-	350,704			
Contributions – employer	-	44,705	(44,705)			
Net investment income	-	24,546	(24,546)			
Benefit payments	(44,705)	(44,705)	-			
Administrative expenses		(224)	224			
Net changes	4,056	24,322	(20,266)			
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$ 1,303,055	\$ 477 , 891	<u>\$ 825,164</u>			

<u>Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> - The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	10	√ Decrease	Disc	ount Rate	1	% Increase
		(1.63%)	(2	2.63%)		(3.63%)
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	1,037,638	\$	825,164	\$	657,223

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates - The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Disc	count Rate	1%	√₀ Increase
			(5.20% current,		(6.2	0% current,
	3.00% ultimate, 4.00% ultimate,		5.00% ultimate,			
	2.50%	2.50% Medicare) 3.50% Medicare)		4.50	% Medicare)	
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	660,753	\$	825,164	\$	1,029,515

D. OPEB Plan Experience

Reporting period	July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021
Measurement period	July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020

NOTE 4 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PREPAID/(PAYABLE) (continued)

D. OPEB Plan Experience (concluded)

Benefit Payments and Contributions

	Benefit Payments
Benefits paid from the trust	\$ -
Benefits paid outside of trust	38,885
Implicit benefits paid	5,820
Total benefit payments	<u>\$ 44,705</u>
	Contributions
Contributions to the trust - employer	\$ -
Contributions – benefits paid outside of trust	38,885
Contributions – implicit benefits paid	5,820
Total contributions	\$ 44,705

<u>Investment Rate of Return</u> - The District's policy regarding the allocation of the plan's invested assets is established and may be amended by District management. The primary objective is to maximize total Plan return, subject to the risk and quality constraints set forth in the investment guidelines. The investment objective the District has selected is CERBT Strategy 2. The asset class allocations and benchmarks for this objective are listed below:

	Target	Target	
Asset Class	Allocation	Range	Benchmark
Global Equity	40.0%	<u>+</u> 5%	MSCI All Country World Index IMI (Net)
Fixed Income	43.0%	<u>+</u> 5%	Bloomberg Barclay Long Liability Index
Treasury Inflation-Protected			Bloomberg Barclay US TIPS
Securities (TIPS)	5.0%	<u>+</u> 3%	Index, Series L
Real Estate Investment			FTSE EPRA/NAREIT
Trusts (REITs)	8.0%	<u>+</u> 5%	Developed Index (Net)
Commodities	4.0%	<u>+</u> 3%	S&P GSCI Total Return Index
Cash	-	<u>+</u> 2%	91-Day Treasury Bill

For the year ended on the measurement date, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 5.40 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts invested.

E. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

<u>Annual OPEB Expense</u> - The annual OPEB expense is the sum of the change in Net OPEB Liability, the change in deferred outflows, and the change in deferred inflows, reduced by the employer contributions.

NOTE 4 - <u>OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PREPAID/(PAYABLE)</u> (concluded)

E. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (concluded)

Net OPEB liability at beginning of measurement period (a)	\$	845,430
Net OPEB liability at end of measurement period (b)	\$	825,164
Change in net OPEB liability (b)-(a)		(20,266)
Change in deferred outflows		(255,600)
Change in deferred inflows		352,293
Employer contributions		44,705
Net OPEB expense from June 30, 2019 to June 30, 2020	<u>\$</u>	121,132

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u> - For the reporting year ending June 30, 2021, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	I	Deferred
	Outflows of	Iı	nflows of
	Resources	R	Resources
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$ -	\$	352,293
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	253,286		-
Differences between projected and actual return investments	2,314		
Total	<u>\$ 255,600</u>	\$	352,293

The District has a lookback measurement date. For the reporting year ending June 30, 2021, the District uses a measurement year ending June 30, 2020. The deferred resources listed above do not include any District contributions made after the measurement period.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Reporting Fiscal			Net Deferred
Year Ending	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	Outflows (Inflows)
June 30:	of Resources	of Resources	of Resources
2022	\$ 97,996	\$ (135,498)	\$ (37,502)
2023	97,996	(135,498)	(37,502)
2024	59,028	(81,297)	(22,269)
2025	580	0	580
2026	0	0	0
2027	0	0	0
2028	0	0	0
2029	0	0	0

NOTE 5 - PENSION PLAN

A. General Information about the Cost-Sharing Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> - All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the District's separate Safety (fire) and Miscellaneous (all other) Employee Pension Plans, cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and District resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided - CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA) requires new benefits and member contributions for new members as defined by PEPRA, that are hired after January 1, 2013. These PEPRA members in pooled plans are reflected in the new Miscellaneous and Safety risk pools created by the CalPERS Board in response to the passage of PEPRA, beginning with the June 30, 2013, risk-pool valuations.

The Plan provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2021, are summarized as follows:

	District Miscellaneous		
	Prior to	On or after	
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	2% @ 60	2% @ 62	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	
Retirement age	50 - 63	52	
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.092% to 2.418%	1.092% to 2.418%	
Required employee contribution rates	7%	6.25%	
Required employer contribution rates	6.709%	6.533%	

	District Safety		
	Prior to On or		
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	2% @ 55	2% @ 57	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	
Retirement age	50 - 55	50 - 55	
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.426% to 2.0%	1.426% to 2.0%	
Required employee contribution rates	7%	9.5%	
Required employer contribution rates	11.530%	9.513%	

NOTE 5 - <u>PENSION PLAN</u> (continued)

A. General Information about the Cost-Sharing Pension Plan (concluded)

Contributions - Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Miscellaneous Plan are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

Contributions to the pension plan from the District were as follows:

Valuation Date:	June 30, 2019
Measurement Date:	June 30, 2020
Reporting Date	June 30, 2021
Miscellaneous Plan Contributions	\$51,495
Safety Plan Contributions	\$22,259

Contributions to the pension plan from the District after the measurement date of June 30, 2020 were as follows:

	Mis	scellaneous	 Safety
Contributions - employer	\$	41,434	\$ 19,993

B. <u>Pension Liabilities</u>, <u>Pension Expense</u>, and <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows</u> of Resources Related to Pensions

<u>Pension Liabilities</u> – The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of the contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

At June 30, 2021, the District reported proportionate shares of the net pension as follows:

	Proportionate
	Share of Net
	Pension Liability
Miscellaneous	\$ 286,215
Safety	154,460
Total Net Pension Liability	\$ 440,67 <u>5</u>

The District's proportionate share of each plan as of June 30, 2020 and 2021 were as follows:

All Plans	Miscellaneous	Safety	Safety
Proportionate share at June 30, 2020	0.00678%	0.00223%	0.00401%
Proportionate share at June 30, 2021	0.00679%	0.00232%	0.00405%
Increase (decrease) in proportionate share	0.00001%	0.00009%	0.00004%

NOTE 5 - <u>PENSION PLAN</u> (continued)

B. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (concluded)

<u>Pension Expense</u> - For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$84,478

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> - At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	D	eferred	D	eferred
	Ou	tflows of	In	flows of
	Re	esources	Re	esources
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$	26,727	\$	-
Changes in assumptions		-		2,556
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments.		11,860		-
Differences between District contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions		4,449		11,597
Changes in proportion		7,418		2,742
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		61,427		<u>-</u>
Total	\$	111,880	\$	16,895

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

	Misco	Miscellaneous		Safety		Γotal	
	Net Deferred		Net Deferred		Net	Deferred	
Reporting Fiscal Year	Outflows(Inflows)		Outflov	Outflows(Inflows)		ws(Inflows)	
Ended June 30:	of R	esources	of Resources		of Resources		
2022	\$	(920)	\$	2,698	\$	1,778	
2023		8,264		5,457		13,720	
2024		7,450		4,849		12,299	
2025		4,078		1,682		5,760	
2026		-		-		-	
Thereafter	-	<u>=</u>				<u>-</u>	
Total	\$	18,872	\$	14,686	\$	33,558	

NOTE 5 - <u>PENSION PLAN</u> (continued)

C. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation rate 2.50%

Salary increases Varies by entry age and service

Investment rate of return 7.15%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation Post retirement benefit increase The lesser of contract COLA or 2.50% until Purchasing Power

Protection Allowance floor on purchasing power applies, 2.50%

thereafter

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015. Preretirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected mortality improvement using 90% of Scale MP-2016 published by the Society of Actuaries. For more details on this table, please refer to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions report from December 2017 that can be found on the CalPERS website.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits of cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses. The expected real rates of return by asset class are as follows:

	New Strategic	Real Return	Real Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Years 1-10 (a)	Years 11+ (b)
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation assets	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real assets	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.00%	(0.92)%
Total	<u> 100%</u>		

- (a) An expected inflation of 2.0% used for this period.
- (b) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

NOTE 5 - <u>PENSION PLAN</u> (concluded)

C. Actuarial Assumptions (concluded)

<u>Discount Rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1	% Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1	% Increase
		(6.15%)		(7.15%)		(8.15%)
Miscellaneous net pension liability (asset)	\$	459,695	\$	286,215	\$	142,874
Safety net pension liability (asset)		235,234		154,460		88,178
Total net pension liability (asset)	\$	694,928	\$	440,675	\$	231,052

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are assessed, collected and distributed by the County of Marin in accordance with legislation. Secured property taxes are attached as an enforceable lien on real property located in the County of Marin as of March 1. Secured property taxes are levied each November 1 on the assessed value of the real property as of prior March 1. Taxes are due in two equal installments on December 10 and April 10 following the levy date.

Under California law, secured property taxes are assessed and collected by the counties at up to 1% of assessed value, plus other increases approved by the voters. The property taxes are pooled and then allocated to the District based upon complex formulas.

Unsecured property taxes are levied throughout the year beginning March 1 on the assessed value of personal property as of March 1. For unsecured property tax bills issued between March 1 and June 30, the amount is payable by August 31. For unsecured property tax bills issued after June 30, the amount of the tax is due 30 days after the bill is issued, but no later than February 28/29. Special assessment charges are incorporated on the property tax bill, and therefore are attached as an enforceable lien on real property located within the District.

Special assessment charges are due in two installments on December 10 and April 10 following the assessment date. The special assessments are collected and distributed to the District by the County of Marin.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES (concluded)

Effective July 1, 1993, the District, in addition to other districts, entered into an agreement (hereafter known as the "Teeter Plan") with the County of Marin whereby the County agreed to purchase without recourse all previously outstanding (net of all adjustments) secured delinquent property tax and special assessment receivables, penalties and interest of the districts as of June 30, 1993. Additionally, the County agreed to advance each district its share of the annual gross levy of secured property taxes and special assessments (net of adjustments) billed through the County's Tax Collector for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1996, and for each subsequent fiscal year of the agreement. In consideration, the District gives the County of Marin its right to penalties and interest on delinquent property tax receivables and actual proceeds collected. This agreement is still operational as of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

NOTE 7 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The District employs a relative of a member of management staff. This transaction is approved annually by the Board of Directors as part of the budget process. For the year ended June 30, 2021, \$85,197 was paid in salaries under his employment.

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District is a member of the Special District Management Authority (SDRMA), an intergovernmental risk sharing joint powers authority created to provide self-insurance programs from California Special Districts. The purpose of the SDRMA is to arrange and administer programs of self-insured losses and to purchase excess insurance coverage. At June 30, 2021, the District participated in the liability and property programs of the SDRMA as follows:

General and auto liability, public officials and employees' errors and omissions: Total risk
financing self-insurance limits of \$2,500,000, combined single limit at \$2,500,000 per
occurrence. The District purchased additional excess coverage layers: \$2,500,000 for general,
auto and public officials liability, which increases the limit on the insurance coverage noted
above.

In addition to the above, the District also has the following insurance coverage:

- Employee dishonesty coverage up to \$400,000 per loss includes public employee dishonesty, forgery or alteration and theft, disappearance and destruction coverages.
- Property loss is paid at the replacement cost for property on file, if replaced within two years after the loss, otherwise paid on an actual cash value basis, to a combined total of \$1.0 billion per occurrence, subject to a \$2,000 deductible per occurrence.
- Boiler and machinery coverage for the replacement cost up to \$100 million per occurrence, subject to a \$1,000 deductible per occurrence.
- Public officials' personal liability up to \$500,000 each occurrence, with an annual aggregate of \$100,000 per each elected/appointed official to which this coverage applies, subject to the terms, with a deductible of \$500 per claim. Workers' compensation insurance up to \$100 million per occurrence and Employer's Liability Coverage up to \$5 million.

Settled claims have not exceeded any of the coverage amounts in any of the last three fiscal years.

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT (concluded)

There were no reductions in insurance coverage in fiscal years 2021 and 2020. Liabilities are recorded when it is probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated net of the respective insurance coverage. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR). There were no IBNR claims payable as of June 30, 2021.

NOTE 9 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Nuclear Free Zone - The Board of Directors of Inverness Public Utility District adopted an ordinance on November 6, 1990, declaring the District as a Nuclear Free Zone and thereby joined in with other Nuclear Free Zone communities in eliminating the profit incentive for nuclear weapons makers by means of an economic boycott. As a result of this ordinance, the District shall purchase no product or service of or from any nuclear weapon maker, except that the District may purchase such a product or service where required by law or where no other product or service can be found in sufficient quality or suitability and at a low enough price to be consistent with good management practice and safety. The District shall include a copy of the ordinance with all requests for proposals and all purchase orders. The Board of Directors of the District shall meet annually to review the investment options and determine if the transfer of District funds to a financial institution that makes no investments in nuclear weapons makers ("Nuclear Free Fund") is consistent with State law and prudent management.

Marin Emergency Radio Authority - During fiscal year 1999, the District became a member of the Marin Emergency Radio Authority (Authority). The Authority is a joint exercise of powers agency created on February 28, 1998, pursuant to the California Government Code and a Joint Powers Agreement, by and among the County of Marin and twenty-five local agencies within the County (collectively, the "Members"). The Authority's purpose is to plan, finance, implement, manage, own and operate a multi-jurisdictional and County-wide public safety and emergency radio system. During 1999, the Authority issued bonds to finance the acquisition and installation of a County-wide public safety and emergency radio system (the "Project"), to fund a reserve fund, to fund capitalized interest on the 1999 bonds and to pay the costs incurred in issuing the 1999 bonds. The Project will be owned and operated by the Authority. The Members will use the radio service provided by the Project to carry out public safety and emergency functions in their individual service areas.

The 1999 bonds are special obligations of the Authority payable solely from revenues consisting generally of the service payments to be made by the County and the Members within the County under an operating agreement. Scheduled payments began in August 2001. In addition, the District is obligated to pay a share of the Authority's annual operating costs. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the debt service costs associated with the District's participation in the Authority were \$12,010.

A copy of the Authority's financial statements is available upon request from the Marin County Administrator's office at 3501 Civic Center Drive, Room 325, San Rafael, CA 94903.

<u>Grant Awards</u> - Grant funds received by the District are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Such audit could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agencies for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. Management of the District believes that such disallowances, if any, would not be significant.

NOTE 9 - <u>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES</u> (concluded)

Coronavirus Pandemic - In December 2019, an outbreak of a novel strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) began to spread among various countries, including the United States. On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization characterized COVID-19 as a pandemic. In addition, multiple jurisdictions in the U.S., including California, declared a state of emergency and issued shelter-in-place orders in response to the outbreak. The immediate impact to the District's operations included restrictions on employees' and volunteers' ability to work, and it is anticipated that the impacts from this pandemic will continue for some time. As of the report date, the financial impact of the coronavirus outbreak cannot be measured.



Inverness Public Utility District Required Supplemental Information GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

								iance with al Budget	
		Budgeted	Am	ounts				Positive	
	(Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:									
Taxes	\$	665,623	\$	665,623	\$	694,924	\$	29,301	
Use of money and property		4,5 00		4,5 00		40		(4,460)	
Other revenues		80,322		80,322		137,902		57,580	
Total revenues		750,445		750,445	_	832,866		82,421	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government		239,458		239,458		247,093		(7,635)	
Public safety		285,966		285,966		259,847		26,119	
Total expenditures		525,424		525,424		506,940		18,484	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	225,021	\$	225,021		325,926	\$	100,905	
Fund balance, beginning of period					_	2,554,873			
Fund balance, end of period					\$	2,880,799			

Inverness Public Utility District As of June 30, 2021

Last 7 Years

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability				Safety Plan			
(Reporting fiscal year ended)	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.2320%	0.2230%	0.2050%	0.7070%	0.0027%	0.0027%	0.0015%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 154,460	\$ 139,169	\$ 120,488	\$ 120,488	\$ 106,929	\$ 76,909	\$ 90,873
Covered - employee payroll	\$ 109,225	\$ 138,419	\$ 128,841	\$ 128,841	\$ 218,410	\$ 44,712	\$ 87,737
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	141.41%	100.54%	93.52%	93.52%	48.96%	172.01%	103.57%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	74.03%	76.81%	76.81%	76.81%	78.72%	84.31%	81.46%
Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability				Misc. Plan			
(Reporting fiscal year ended)	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability Proportionate share of the net	0.6790%	0.6780%	0.7070%	0.2090%	0.0071%	0.0070%	0.0037%
pension liability	\$ 286,215	\$ 271,534	\$ 266,448	\$ 266,448	\$ 246,696	\$ 200,453	\$ 231,036
Covered - employee payroll	\$ 333,080	\$ 308,500	\$ 270,881	\$ 270,881	\$ 93,762	\$ 236,606	\$ 257,863
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	85.93%	88.02%	98.36%	98.36%	263.11%	84.72%	89.60%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	78.04%	78.61%	75.39%	75.39%	75.76%	78.89%	74.15%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE:

^{*}Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Inverness Public Utility District As of June 30, 2021 *Last 6 Years*

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS	Safety Plan									
Fiscal Year End	2021		2020		2019		2018	 2017		2016
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$ 22,259) \$	5 10,770	\$	4,216	\$	23,601	\$ 12,041	\$	6,663
determined contributions	(22,259))	(10,770)		(4,216)		(23,601)	(12,041)		(6,663)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	- -	-	\$		\$		\$ 	\$	
Covered-employee payroll during the fiscal year Contributions as a percentage of	\$ 109,225	\$	3 138,419	\$	128,841	\$	218,410	\$ 44,712	\$	87,737
covered-employee payroll	20.38%	0	7.78%		3.27%		10.81%	26.93%		7.59%
	Misc.									
SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS	Plan		Plan		Plan		Plan	Plan		Plan
Fiscal Year End	2021		2020		2019		2018	 2017		2016
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$ 51,495	5 \$	8 40,249	\$	20,942	\$	8,518	\$ 54,094	\$	31,622
determined contributions	(51,495	5)	(40,249)		(20,942)		(8,518)	(54,094)		(31,622)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$ _	\$	_
Covered-employee payroll during the fiscal year Contributions as a percentage of	\$ 333,080		308,500	\$	270,881	\$,	\$ 236,606	\$	257,863
covered-employee payroll	15.46%	0	13.05%		7.73%		9.08%	22.86%		12.26%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE:

^{*}Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Inverness Public Utility District SCHEDULE OF CHANGE IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

For the year ended June 30, 2021

Total OPEB Liability		2021
Service cost	\$	127,780
Interest		58,068
Effects of economic/demographic gains or losses		(487,791)
Benefit payments, included refunds of employee contributions		(44,705)
Effects of Assumptions changes or inputs		350,704
Net change in total OPEB liability		4,056
Total OPEB liability - beginning of year		1,298,999
Total OPEB liability - end of year	<u>\$</u>	1,303,055
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		
Net investment income	\$	24,546
Contributions		
Employer - explicit subsidy		44,705
Employer - implicit subsidy		-
Benefit payments, included refunds of employee contributions		(44,705)
Implicit rate subsidy fulfilled		-
Administrative expense		(224)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		24,322
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning of year		453,569
Plan fiduciary net position - end of year	<u>\$</u>	477,891
District's net OPEB liability - end of year	<u>\$</u>	825,164
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage		
of the total OPEB liability		36.67%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	446,919
Net OPEB liability as a percentage		
of covered-employee payroll		184.63%

The schedules present information to illustrate changes in the District's changes in the net OPEB liability over a ten-year period when the information is available.

Inverness Public Utility District SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

As of June 30, 2021

(GASB 75 Note Disclosures and Required Supplementary Information)

Schedule of District Contributions

Reporting fiscal year ending	2021
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ 44,705 (44,705)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -
Covered-employee payroll	446,919
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	10.00%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date June 30, 2020

Reporting period July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021 Measurement period July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Amortization period 30 years
Asset valuation method Market Value
Inflation 2.75 percent

Healthcare cost trend rates 5.20 percent for 2020 through 2049; 5.00 percent for 2050 through

2064; and 4.00 percent for 2065 and later years

Salary increases 3.00 percent

Investment rate of return 6.00 percent, net of OPEB plan investment expense

Retirement Age 10 percent for ages 50 and 51; 20 percent for ages 52 and 53; 25

percent at 54; 50 percent for ages 55-60; 60 percent at age 61; 70 percent at age 62; 80 percent at age 63; 90 percent at age 64; and 100

percent at age 65

Mortality CalPERS mortality rate for miscellaneous and safety employees from

the most recent experience study (1997-2015)