### INVERNESS PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT (A California Special District)

INVERNESS, CALIFORNIA

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019

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### R. J. RICCIARDI, INC. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

To the Board of Directors Inverness Public Utility District Inverness, California

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Inverness Public Utility District (a California special district), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Inverness Public Utility District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's *Minimum Audit Requirements for Special Districts;* this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's *Minimum Audit Requirements for Special Districts*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to Inverness Public Utility District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Inverness Public Utility District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and, where applicable, cash flows of Inverness Public Utility District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Minimum Audit Requirements for Special Districts.

To the Board of Directors Inverness Public Utility District - Page 2

#### Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (pages 3-7) and the pension plan information, schedule of change in the net OPEB liability and related ratios, and budgetary comparison information (pages 34-37), as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

R. J. Ricciardi, Inc.

R. J. Ricciardi, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

San Rafael, California April 2, 2020

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of activities and financial performance of the Inverness Public Utility District (the District) provides an introduction to the financial statements of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Independent Auditor's Report and with the basic financial statements and related notes, which follow this section.

#### Financial Highlights

- Net position decreased \$820,317 to \$2,046,357 as a result of this year's operations and increase in expenses.
- Total governmental revenues increased \$48,900 from the prior year. Business-type activity revenue increased \$62,589 from the prior year.
- Total governmental expenses increased by \$178,397 and business type expenses increased \$449,585 primarily due to employment benefit costs and equipment disposals.

#### Using This Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities and performance of the District using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's investments in resources (assets), deferred outflows of resources, the obligations to creditors (liabilities), and deferred inflows of resources. It also provides the basis for computing a rate of return, evaluating the capital structure of the District and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the District. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities. These statements measure the success of the District's operations and can be used to determine the District's profitability and credit worthiness.

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

#### Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

One of the most important questions asked about the District's finances is: "Is the District better off or worse off as a result of this year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the District in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net position* and changes in them. Think of the District's net position - the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources - as one way to measure the District's financial health, or *financial position*. Over time, *increases or decreases* in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its *financial health* is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the District's property tax bases and the types of grants for which the District applies to assess the *overall financial health* of the District.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

#### Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental und financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheets and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 17 through 33.

#### Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required* supplementary information concerning the District's budgetary information, pension plan information, and schedule of change in the net OPEB liability and related ratios. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 34 through 37.

Government-wide Financial Analysis - Governmental Activities

#### Statement of Net Position

The following table is a condensed summary of the statements of net position at June 30, 2019, with prior year comparative information:

Table 1 Governmental Net Position at June 30

	2019		2018	
Current assets	\$	1,959,098	\$	1,962,746
Capital assets, net of depreciation		18,572		27,109
Total assets		1,977,670		1,989,855
Deferred outflows		37,267		196,825
Current liabilities		73,350		50,938
Long-term liabilities		286,565		291,613
Total liabilities		359 <b>,</b> 915		342,551
Deferred inflows		14,199		9,687
Net position:				
Invested in capital assets, net of debt		18,572		27,109
Unrestricted		1,622,251		1,807,333
Total net position	\$	1,640,823	\$	1,834,442

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets of the District exceeded liabilities by \$1,640,823 as of June 30, 2019. Compared to the prior year, net position of the District decreased \$193,619. The District's net position is made-up of two components: (1) net investment in capital assets, (2) unrestricted net position.

#### Statement of Activities

The following table is a condensed summary of the statement of activities for the year ended June 30, 2019, with prior year comparative information

Table 2
Changes in Governmental Net Position

	Governmental Activities 2019	Governmental Activities 2018
Expenses General government (operations and fire protection) Public safety Total expenses	\$ 322,007 516,804 838,811	\$ 232,236 428,178 660,414
Revenues Program revenues: Charges for services Operating grants and contributions Total program revenues	- - -	
General revenues: Taxes Other revenues Interest income Total general revenues Total revenues	618,174 13,561 13,457 645,192 645,192	571,890 20,330 4,072 596,292 596,292
Change in net position	<u>\$ (193,619)</u>	\$ (64,122)

Table 3
Business-type Net Position at June 30

	Business-type 2019	Business-type 2018	
Current assets Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total assets Deferred outflows	\$ (546,700) 1,670,257 1,123,557 86,957	\$ (496,639) 1,857,197 1,360,558 459,258	
Current liabilities Long-term debt outstanding Total liabilities Deferred inflows	74,683 697,167 771,850 33,130	69,002 695,978 764,980 22,604	
Net position: Invested in capital assets Unrestricted Total net position	1,670,257 (1,264,723) \$ 405,534	1,857,197 (824,965) \$ 1,032,232	

.Table 4
<u>Changes in Business-Type Net Position</u>

	Business-Type Activities 2019	Business-Type Activities 2018
Expenses Water Total expenses	\$ 1,144,469 1,144,469	\$ 905,863 905,863
Revenues Program revenues: Charges for services Total program revenues	504,463 504,463	445,239 445,239
General revenues: Interest income Total general revenues Total revenues	13,308 13,308 517,771	9,943 9,943 455,182
Change in net position	\$ (626,698)	\$ (450,681)

Table 5
Capital Assets at Year-end

	Balance at June 30, 2019		Balance at June 30, 2018	
Governmental Activities				
Buildings	\$	227,528	\$	227,528
Tankers and vehicles		381,811		381,811
Equipment and furnishings		296,179		296,179
Less: accumulated depreciation		(886,946)		(878,409)
Governmental activity capital assets, net	<u>\$</u>	18,572	\$	27,109
Business-type Activities				
Non-depreciable assets	\$	207,809	\$	164,334
Wells		71,499		71,499
Plant and equipment		3,964,197		3,822,241
Less: accumulated depreciation		(2,573,248)		(2,200,877)
Business-type activity capital assets, net	\$	<b>1,670,257</b>	\$	1,857,197

At June 30, 2019, the District's investment in capital assets amounted to \$1,688,829, net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, fire apparatus, furnishings and equipment, collection and distribution systems, tanks, wells, water treatment facilities and construction-in-process. The capital assets of the District are more fully analyzed in Note 3 to the basic financial statements.

#### **Conditions Affecting Current Financial Position**

Management is unaware of any conditions which could have a significant impact on the District's current financial position, net position, or operating results in terms of past, present and future.

#### Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide the District's funding sources, customers, stakeholders and other interested parties with an overview of the District's financial operations and financial conditions. Should the reader have questions regarding the information included in this report or wish to request additional financial information, please contact the District's Administrator at P.O Box 469, Inverness, California 94937 or (415) 669-1414.

### Inverness Public Utility District STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2019

	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash and investments	\$ 1,264,277	\$ -	\$ 1,264,277
Accounts receivable	35,033	92,611	127,644
Interfund accounts	648,781	(648,781)	-
Prepaid items	11,007	9,470	20,477
Non-depreciable capital assets	-	164,334	164,334
Depreciable capital assets, net	18,572	1,505,923	1,524,495
Total assets	1,977,670	1,123,557	3,101,227
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS			
Deferred outflows related to pensions	37,267	86,957	124,224
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Accounts payable	55,292	1,717	57,009
Deposits	-	9,089	9,089
Unearned income	-	63,877	63,877
Compensated absences	18,058	28,517	46,575
Long-term liabilities			
OPEB Liability	170,484	397,795	568,279
Net pension liability	116,081	270,855	386,936
Total liabilities	359,915	771,850	1,131,765
DEFERRED INFLOWS			
Deferred inflows related to pensions	14,199	33,130	47,329
NET DOCITION			
NET POSITION  Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	18,572	1,670,257	1,688,829
*			
Unrestricted net position	1,622,251	(1,264,723)	357,528
Total net position	\$ 1,640,823	\$ 405,534	\$ 2,046,357

# Inverness Public Utility District STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended June 30, 2019

		Program	Revenues	` .	) Revenue and Net Position	
			Operating			
		Charges for	Grants and	Governmental		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$ 322,007	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (322,007)		\$ (322,007)
Public safety	516,804			(516,804)		(516,804)
Total governmental activities	838,811			(838,811)		(838,811)
Business-type activities:						
Water	1,144,469	504,463			\$ (640,006)	(640,006)
Total business-type activities	1,144,469	504,463			(640,006)	(640,006)
Total	\$ 1,983,280	\$ 504,463	\$ -	(838,811)	(640,006)	(1,478,817)
General revenues:						
Property taxes				618,174	-	618,174
Other revenues				13,561	-	13,561
Interest income				13,457	13,308	26,765
Total general revenues				645,192	13,308	658,500
Change in net position				(193,619)	(626,698)	(820,317)
Net position beginning of period				1,834,442	1,032,232	2,866,674
Net position ending of period				\$ 1,640,823	\$ 405,534	\$ 2,046,357

#### Inverness Public Utility District GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 2019

<u>ASSETS</u>		
Cash and investments	\$	1,264,277
Accounts receivable		35,033
Prepaid items		11,007
Due from other funds		1,130,957
Total assets	\$	2,441,274
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Accounts payable	\$	55,292
Due to other funds	_	482,176
Total liabilities	_	537,468
FUND BALANCES		
Assigned for:		
Specific purposes		2,013,300
Unassigned		(109,494)
Total fund balances		1,903,806
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,441,274

#### Inverness Public Utility District Reconciliation of the

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BALANCE SHEET

#### with the Governmental Activities

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

For the year ended June 30, 2019

TOTAL FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 1,903,806
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of	
Net Position are different from those reported in the Governmental	
Funds above because of the following:	
CAPITAL ASSETS	
Capital Assets used in Governmental Activities are not current assets	
or financial resources and therefore are not reported in the	
Governmental Funds.	18,572
LONG-TERM ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	
The assets and liabilities below are not due and payable in the current	
period and therefore are not reported in the Funds:	
Deferred outflows	37,267
Deferred inflows	(14,199)
OPEB liability	(170,484)
Net pension liability	(116,081)
Non-current portion of compensated absences	 (18,058)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 1,640,823

### Inverness Public Utility District GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES,

#### EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the year ended June 30, 2019

Revenues:	
Taxes	\$ 618,174
Interest income	13,457
Other revenues	13,561
Total revenues	645,192
Expenditures:	
Current:	
General government	322,007
Public safety	369,324
Total expenditures	691,331
Excess (deficit) of revenues	
over (under) expenditures	(46,139)
Fund balances, beginning of period	1,949,945
Fund balances, end of period	\$ 1,903,806

#### Inverness Public Utility District Reconciliation of the

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

with the

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended June 30, 2019

The schedule below reconciles the Net Changes in Fund Balances reported on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance, which measures only changes in current assets and current liabilities on the modified accrual basis, with the Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities reported in the Statement of Activities, which is prepared on the full accrual basis.

#### NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

(46,139)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:

#### CAPITAL ASSETS TRANSACTIONS

Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Depreciation expense is deducted from the fund balance

(8,537)

#### ACCRUAL OF NON-CURRENT ITEMS

The amounts below included in the Statement of Activities do not provide or (require) the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenue or expenditures in the governmental funds (net change):

Pension expense (159,022)
Long-term compensated absences 20,079

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$ (193,619)

# Inverness Public Utility District PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2019

	 Water
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Current assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ -
Accounts receivable	92,611
Prepaid items	 9,470
Total current assets	 102,081
Non-current assets:	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	 1,670,257
Total assets	 1,772,338
<u>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS</u>	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	 86,957
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	
Current liabilities:	
Accrued expenses	1,717
Customer deposits	9,089
Unearned income	63,877
Compensated absences	28,517
Due to other funds	 648,781
Total current liabilities	 751,981
Long-term liabilities	
OPEB liability	397,795
Net pension liability	 270,855
Total liabilities	 1,420,631
<u>DEFERRED INFLOWS</u>	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	 33,130
NET POSITION	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,670,257
Unrestricted	 (1,264,723)
Total net position	\$ 405,534

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# Inverness Public Utility District PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES,

#### EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Water
Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 504,463
Total operating revenues	504,463
Operating expenses:	
Personnel services	679,656
Collection and treatment	48,358
Distribution	5,508
Depreciation	372,370
Administration	38,577
Total operating expenses	1,144,469
Operating income (loss)	(640,006)
Nonoperating revenues and expenses:	
Interest income	13,308
Change in net position	(626,698)
Net position, beginning of period	1,032,232
Net position, end of period	\$ 405,534

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### Inverness Public Utility District PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds
	Water
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Receipts from customers	\$ 493,812
Payments to suppliers	(26,050)
Payments to employees	(295,640)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	172,122
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Acquisition of capital assets	(185,430)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related	
financing activities	(185,430)
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Interest income	13,308
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period	- -
Cash and cash equivalents - end of period	\$ -
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used in) operating activities:  Operating income (loss)	\$ (640,006)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation	372,370
Changes in certain assets and liabilities:	
Accounts receivable	(10,651)
Prepaid items	(1,130)
Accounts payable	1,147
Deposits	1,448
Unearned income	3,086
Due to/from other funds	61,842
Compensated absences	<b>12,97</b> 0
OPEB	-
Pension expense	371,046
Total adjustments	812,128
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 172,122

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Organization and Description of District

The Inverness Public Utility District (the District) was formed in 1948 with the intent to purchase the water system serving the Inverness Valley community. In 1949 and 1950, the District attempted to purchase the water system serving the community; however, the District did not receive the required votes from the community to make the purchase. In 1951, the District took over the operations of the Inverness Volunteer Fire Department. In 1980, the District purchased the water system serving the community. The District is governed by a five-member Board of Directors who serve four-year terms and are elected at large. The directors entrust the responsibility for the efficient execution of District policies to their designated representative, the General Manager. The District is subject to the laws, regulations and guidelines as set forth by the State Controller's Office. Major sources of revenue for the District include water service charges and property taxes.

#### B. The Reporting Entity

The District is the primary governmental unit based on the foundation of a separately elected governing board that is elected by the citizens in a general popular election. The District has no blended or discretely-presented component units.

#### C. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The basic financial statements of the District are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- · Fund financial statements
- Notes to the basic financial statements

Government-wide Statements: These statements are presented on an economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting for both governmental and business-like activities. Accordingly, all of the District's assets and liabilities, including capital assets, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned, while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the operating expenses of a given function are offset by operating revenues. Operating expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. The types of transactions reported as operating revenues for the District are charges for services directly related to the operations of the District. Charges for services include revenues from customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by the District. Taxes, operating grants and other items not properly included among operating revenues are reported instead as non-operating revenues. Contributed capital and capital grants are included as capital contributions.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u>: These statements include a Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds. Accompanying these statements is a schedule to reconcile and explain the differences in fund balances as presented in these statements to the net position presented in the Government-wide Financial Statements.

#### NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### C. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (concluded)

Governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and liabilities are included on the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Accordingly, revenues are recorded when received in cash, except that revenues subject to accrual (generally 60 days after year-end) are recognized when due. The primary sources susceptible to accrual for the District are property tax, interest earnings, investment revenue and operating and capital grant revenues. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. However, exceptions to this rule may include principal and interest on debt, which are recognized when due.

The accrual basis of accounting is followed by the proprietary fund. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Unbilled water receivables are recorded at year end.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned and expenses are recognized in the period incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Operating revenues, such as water sales, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the District. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as grant funding and investment income, result from non-exchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) value in exchange.

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts established for the purpose of carrying out specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with specific regulations, restrictions or limitations.

#### D. Major Funds

GASB Statement 34 defines major funds and requires that the District's major governmental and business-type funds be identified and presented separately in the fund financial statements. All other funds, called non-major funds, are combined and reported in a single column, regardless of their fund-type.

Major funds are defined as funds that have assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses equal to ten percent of their fund-type total and five percent of the grand total. The General Fund is always a major fund. The District may also select other funds it believes should be presented as major funds.

#### NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### D. Major Funds (concluded)

The District reported the following major governmental funds in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>General Fund</u>: This fund accounts for the operations of the District. The General Fund is used for all the general revenues of the District not specifically levied or collected for other District funds and the related expenditures. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources of a governmental unit that are not accounted for in another fund.

Fire Department Fund: This fund accounts for the fire protection activities of the District.

Water Enterprise Fund: This fund accounts for the water operations of the District.

#### E. Net Position

Net Position is the excess of all the District's assets over all its liabilities, regardless of fund. Net Position is divided into three captions under GASB Statement 34. These captions apply only to Net Position, which is determined only at the Government-wide level, and are described below:

Invested in Capital, net of related debt describes the portion of Net Position that is represented by the current net book value of the District's capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted describes the portion of Net Position that is restricted as to use by the terms and conditions of agreements with outside parties, governmental regulations, laws, or other restrictions that the District cannot unilaterally alter.

*Unrestricted* describes the portion of Net Position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets. This may include amounts Board-designated to be reported as being held for a particular purpose.

#### F. Fund Balance

The financial statements - governmental funds report fund balances as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on how specific amounts can be spent.

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not spendable in form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts with constraints placed on their use that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes determined by formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority (the Board of Directors) and that remain binding unless removed in the same manner. The underlying action that imposed the limitation needs to occur no later than the close of the reporting period.

#### NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### F. Fund Balance (concluded)

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes. The intent can be established at either the highest level of decision-making, or by a body or an official designated for that purpose. This is also the classification for residual funds in the District's special revenue funds.

*Unassigned* fund balance is the residual classification for the District's general fund that includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification is used only if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

The Board of Directors establishes, modifies or rescinds fund balance commitments and assignments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is done through adoption of the budget and subsequent budget amendments that occur throughout the year.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, followed by the unrestricted, committed, assigned and unassigned resources as they are needed.

#### Fund Balance Policy

The District believes that sound financial management principles require that sufficient funds be retained by the District to provide a stable financial base at all times. To retain this stable financial base, the District needs to maintain an unrestricted fund balance in its funds sufficient to fund cash flows of the District and to provide financial reserves for unanticipated expenditures and/or revenue shortfalls of an emergency nature. Committed, assigned and unassigned fund balances are considered unrestricted.

The purpose of the District's fund balance policy is to maintain a prudent level of financial resources to protect against reducing service levels or raising taxes and fees because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted one-time expenditures.

#### G. Accounts Receivable

The District bills the local residents for water usage on a bi-monthly basis. Estimated unbilled water revenue through June 30 has been accrued at year-end for the Water Enterprise Fund. Management believes all amounts are collectible and, accordingly, there is no provision for uncollectible accounts reflected herein.

#### H. <u>Deferred Revenue</u>

Deferred revenue arises when assets are received before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. The District bills for its fixed service charge in advance. Therefore, the portion of customers' bills that is for the fixed charge is deferred.

#### NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### I. Capital Contributions

Capital contributions represent cash and capital asset additions contributed to the District by property owners, granting agencies or real estate developers desiring services that require capital expenditures or capacity commitment.

#### J. <u>Budgetary Policies</u>

The District follows specific procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements. Each April, the District's General Manager prepares and submits a capital and operating budget to the Board of Directors for adoption no later than June of each year. The basis used to prepare the budget does not differ substantially from the modified accrual basis of accounting. The adopted budget becomes operative on July 1.

The Board of Directors must approve all supplemental appropriations to the budget and transfers between major funds. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level. Budget information is presented as required supplementary information for the general fund.

#### K. Compensated Absences

The District's policy is to permit employees to accumulate an unlimited amount of earned vacation leave. Accumulated vacation time is accrued at year-end to account for the District's obligation to the employees for the amount owed. Sick leave, which is limited to 80 hours per year for full-time employees and is pro-rated for part-time employees, is unearned and does not carry over to the following fiscal year.

Governmental fund types recognize the vested vacation as an expenditure in the current year to the extent it is paid during the year. Accrued vacation relating to governmental funds is included as a long-term liability in the Statement of Net Position as those are payable from future resources and within the Balance Sheet - Water Enterprise Fund for amounts relating to the proprietary fund type.

#### L. Capital Assets

Capital assets acquired and/or constructed are capitalized at historical cost. District policy has set the capitalization threshold for recording capital assets at \$1,000 (\$3,000 prior to June 30, 2017). Donated assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation and/or historical cost. Upon retirement or other disposition of capital assets, the cost and related accumulation depreciation are removed from the respective balances and any gains or losses are recognized. Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

#### Governmental Activities

- Buildings and improvements 5 to 30 years
- Fire apparatus 3 to 20 years
- Furnishings and equipment 3 to 7 years

#### NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### L. Capital Assets (concluded)

Business-Type Activities

- Collection and distribution system 5 to 50 years
- Tanks 5 to 40 years
- Water treatment 5 to 40 years
- Wells 40 years
- Vehicles and equipment 5 to 7 years

#### M. Investments and Investment Policy

The District has adopted an investment policy directing the District's General Manager to deposit funds in financial institutions. Investments are to be made in the following areas:

- Financial institution checking and savings accounts
- California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)

Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as investment income reported for that fiscal year. Investment income includes interest earnings, changes in fair value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation or sale of investments.

Local Agency Investment Fund - LAIF is regulated by California Government Code (Code) Section 16429 and is under the management of the State of California Treasurer's Office with oversight provided by the Local Agency Investment Advisory Board.

LAIF is carried at fair value based on the value of each participating dollar as provided by LAIF. The fair value of the District's position in the LAIF is the same as the value of its pooled share. Investment in securities of the U.S. government or its agencies are carried at fair value based on quoted market prices. Bank balances are secured by the pledging of a pool of eligible securities to collateralize the District's deposits with the bank in accordance with the Code.

#### N. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash is defined as cash in demand deposit accounts as well as cash on hand. Cash equivalents are short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and investments so near their maturity that the risk of changes in value due to changes in interest rates is negligible. These are generally investments with maturity dates within three months of the acquisition date.

#### O. Use of Estimates

The financial statements have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, and as such, include amounts based on informed estimates and judgments of management with consideration given to materiality. Actual results could differ from those amounts.

#### NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (concluded)

#### P. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Inverness Public Utility District's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Q. <u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources</u>

Pursuant to GASB Statement 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, and GASB Statement 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, the District recognizes deferred outflows and inflows of resources.

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. A deferred outflow of resources is defined as a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. A deferred inflow of resources is defined as an acquisition of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period.

#### NOTE 2 - <u>CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS</u>

The District maintains an operating account at Bank of America, and all other funds are on deposit with the California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) investment pool (see Note 1M, Investments and Investment Policy).

These funds have been segregated into various accounts and, at June 30, 2019 the balances were as follows:

Deposits held with LAIF	\$ 1,078,787
Deposits held with financial institutions	 185,490
Total cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$ 1,264,277

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for deposits and investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party.

#### NOTE 2 - <u>CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS</u> (concluded)

California Law requires banks and savings and loan associations to pledge government securities with a market value of 110% of the District's cash on deposit or first trust deed mortgage notes with a value of 150% of the deposit as collateral for these deposits. Under California Law, this collateral is held in the District's name and places the District ahead of general creditors of the institution.

#### Fair Value Reporting - Investments

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. These levels are determined by the District's investment manager based on a review of the investment class, structure and what kind of securities are held in the portfolio. The District's holdings are classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

#### NOTE 3 - <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital assets consisted of the following at June 30, 2019:

Governmental Activities	Balance 7/1/18	Addi	tions	Delet Tran	,	Balance 5/30/19
Depreciable assets		-				
Buildings	\$ 227,528	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 227,528
Vehicles	381,811		-		-	381,811
Furnishings and equipment	 296,179					 296,179
Total depreciable assets	 905,518	\$		\$	<u> </u>	 905,518
Total accumulated depreciation	 (878,409)					 (886,946)
Total capital assets, net	\$ 27,109					\$ 18,572

Depreciation expense under governmental activities (district operations/fire protection) totaled \$8,537.

Business-Type Activities	Balance 7/1/18	Additions	Deletions/ Transfers	Balance 6/30/19
Non-depreciable assets				
Land	\$ 66,320	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 66,320
Construction in progress	98,014	43,475		141,489
Total non-depreciable assets	<u>164,334</u>	43,475		207,809
Depreciable assets				
Wells	71,499	-	-	71,499
Collection system	352,967	-	-	352,967
Distribution system	976,408	106,658	-	1,083,066
Tanks	1,062,276	-	-	1,062,276
Water treatment	1,371,899	-	-	1,371,899
Vehicles and equipment	<u>58,691</u>	35,298	<u>-</u>	93,989
Total depreciable assets	3,893,740	\$ 141,956	<u>\$</u>	4,035,696
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(2,200,877)</u>			(2,573,248)
Total depreciable assets, net	1,692,863			1,462,448
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 1,857,197</u>			<u>\$ 1,670,257</u>

Depreciation expense under business-type activities (retail water enterprise) totaled \$372,370.

June 30, 2019

#### NOTE 4 - <u>OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PREPAID/(PAYABLE)</u>

#### Plan Description, Benefits

The District offers post-employment medical benefits to retired employees who satisfy the eligibility rules. Spouses and surviving spouses are also eligible to receive benefits. Retirees may enroll in any plan available through the District's CalPERS medical plan. The contribution requirements of Plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the Board of Directors.

#### Plan Description, Eligibility

The District pays a portion of the cost of health insurance for retirees under any group plan offered by CalPERS, subject to certain restrictions as determined by the District. Membership in the OPEB plan consisted of the following members as of June 30, 2019:

#### Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2019 (the census date), the benefit terms covered the following employees:

Active plan members	5
Retirees receiving benefits	3
Total	8

The District passed resolutions to participate in the California Employers Retirees Benefit Trust (CERBT), an irrevocable trust established to fund OPEB. CERBT is administrated by CalPERS, and is managed by an appointed board not under the control of the Board of Directors. These Trusts are not considered a component unit by the District and have been excluded from these financial statements. Separately issued financial statements for CERBT may be obtained from CalPERS at P.O. Box 942709, Sacramento, CA 94229-2709.

#### Net OPEB Liability

The District's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 30, 2019.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation: 3.00%

Salary increases: Aggregate salary increases of 3.69%. Individual salary increases based on CalPERS.

Investment rate of return: 3.00%

Healthcare cost trend rates: 4.60% in the first year, trending up to 4.70% over 10 years.

Mortality rates were based on RP2000 mortality tables applied generationally.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the District contribution will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to cover all future OPEB payments. Therefore, the discount rate was set equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

#### NOTE 4 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PREPAID/(PAYABLE) (concluded)

#### Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	Increases (Decreases)					
	To	otal OPEB	Plan	Plan Fiduciary		et OPEB
		Liability	Net Position		Lial	oility/Asset
		(a)		(b)		(c)
Service cost	\$	34,947	\$	-	\$	34,947
Interest		8,327		-		8,327
Effects of economic/demographic						
gains or losses		688,136		-		688,136
Contributions		-		37,284		(37,284)
Net investment income		-		24,686		(24,686)
Benefits payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(37,284)		(37,284)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(739)		739
Effects of Assumptions changes or inputs		(101,900)		<u> </u>		(101,900)
Net change in total OPEB liability		592,226		23,947		568,279
Total OPEB liability – beginning of year		399 <b>,</b> 940		399,940		
Total OPEB liability – end of year	\$	992,166	\$	423,887	\$	568,279

#### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The net OPEB Asset of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.00%) or one percentage point higher (4.00%) follows:

	Plan's Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	
1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
(2.0%)	(3.0%)	(4.0%)
\$ 1.094.066	\$ 992,166	\$ 902.830

Sensitivity of the net OPEB asset to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The net OPEB asset of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (-1.00%) or one percentage point higher (1.00%) than current healthcare cost trend rates follows:

Plan's Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)					
1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase			
\$ 878,396	\$ 992,166	\$ 1,123,789			

### OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized an OPEB expense of \$40,072. At June 30,

2019, the District reported no deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB.

#### NOTE 5 - PENSION PLANS

<u>Plan Description</u> - All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the District's separate Safety (fire) and Miscellaneous (all other) Employee Pension Plans, cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and District resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided - CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plan provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2019, are summarized as follows:

	District Miscellaneous		
	Prior to	On or after	
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	2% @ 60	2% @ 62	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	
Retirement age	50 - 63	52	
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.092% to 2.418%	1.092% to 2.418%	
Required employee contribution rates	7%	6.25%	
Required employer contribution rates	6.709%	6.533%	

	District Safety		
	Prior to	On or after	
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	2% @ 55	2% @ 57	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	
Retirement age	50 - 55	50 - 55	
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.426% to 2.0%	1.426% to 2.0%	
Required employee contribution rates	7%	9.5%	
Required employer contribution rates	11.530%	9.513%	

Contributions - Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

#### NOTE 5 - <u>PENSION PLANS</u> (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the contributions recognized as part of pension expense for each Plan were as follows:

	Misc	ellaneous	Safety
Contributions - employer	\$	40,249	\$ 10,770

As of June 30, 2019, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of the Miscellaneous and Safety Plans as follows:

	Proportionate
	Share of Net
	Pension Liability
Miscellaneous	\$ 266,448
Safety	120,488
Total Net Pension Liability	<u>\$ 386,936</u>

The District's net pension liability for the Plans is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 rolled forward to June 30, 2019 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of June 30, 2018 and 2019 was as follows:

All Plans	Miscellaneous	Safety
Proportion - June 30, 2018	0.2090%	0.7070%
Proportion - June 30, 2019	0.7070%	0.2050%
Change – Increase (Decrease)	0.4980%	(0.5020%)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$125,383. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	De	eferred	Ι	Deferred
	Outi	flows of	Ir	nflows of
	Res	ources	R	esources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	51,019	\$	-
Differences between actual and expected experience		12,812		3,489
Changes in assumptions		42,198		9,040
Change in employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's				
proportionate share of contributions		3,827		33,448
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		2,133		-
Change in proportion and differences between actual				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	12,235		1,352
Total	\$	124,224	\$	47,329

#### NOTE 5 -PENSION PLANS (continued)

\$51,019 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2020	\$ 28,522
2021	16,585
2022	(15,999)
2023	(32,312)
Thereafter	_

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 were derived from the June 30, 2017 funding valuation report and were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date June 30, 2017 June 30, 2018 Measurement Date Entry-Age Normal Cost Method Actuarial Cost Method

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 7.15% Inflation 2.75%

Projected Salary Increase Varies by Entry Age and Service

Increase Protection allowance floor on power applies, 2.75% thereafter Mortality Derived using CalPERS Membership Data for all Funds (1)

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15% for each Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.15 percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.15 percent will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees' Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained from the CalPERS website under the GASB 68 section.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund (PERF) cash flows. Using historical returns of all the Public Employees Retirement Funds' asset classes (which includes the agent plan and two cost-sharing plans or PERF A, B, and C funds), expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a buildingblock approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each PERF fund.

<sup>(1)</sup> The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the CalPERS 2017 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) available on CalPERS website.

#### NOTE 5 - <u>PENSION PLANS</u> (concluded)

The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits of cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation.

Asset Class (1)	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1-10 (2)	Real Return Years 11+ (3)
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Global Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Sensitive	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Estate	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.00%	(0.92)%
Total	<u>100%</u>		. ,

- (1) In the System's CAFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.
- (2) An expected inflation of 2.0% used for this period.
- (3) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Miscellaneous	Safety
1% Decrease	6.15%	6.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$427,989	\$198,014
Current Discount Rate	7.15%	7.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$266,448	\$120,488
1% Increase	8.15%	8.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$133,098	\$56,969

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> - Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

#### NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are assessed, collected and distributed by the County of Marin in accordance with legislation. Secured property taxes are attached as an enforceable lien on real property located in the County of Marin as of March 1. Secured property taxes are levied each November 1 on the assessed value of the real property as of prior March 1. Taxes are due in two equal installments on December 10 and April 10 following the levy date.

#### NOTE 6 - <u>PROPERTY TAXES</u> (concluded)

Under California law, secured property taxes are assessed and collected by the counties at up to 1% of assessed value, plus other increases approved by the voters. The property taxes are pooled and then allocated to the District based upon complex formulas.

Unsecured property taxes are levied throughout the year beginning March 1 on the assessed value of personal property as of March 1. For unsecured property tax bills issued between March 1 and June 30, the amount is payable by August 31. For unsecured property tax bills issued after June 30, the amount of the tax is due 30 days after the bill is issued, but no later than February 28/29. Special assessment charges are incorporated on the property tax bill, and therefore are attached as an enforceable lien on real property located within the District.

Special assessment charges are due in two installments on December 10 and April 10 following the assessment date. The special assessments are collected and distributed to the District by the County of Marin.

Effective July 1, 1993, the District, in addition to other districts, entered into an agreement (hereafter known as the "Teeter Plan") with the County of Marin whereby the County agreed to purchase without recourse all previously outstanding (net of all adjustments) secured delinquent property tax and special assessment receivables, penalties and interest of the districts as of June 30, 1993. Additionally, the County agreed to advance each district its share of the annual gross levy of secured property taxes and special assessments (net of adjustments) billed through the County's Tax Collector for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1996, and for each subsequent fiscal year of the agreement. In consideration, the District gives the County of Marin its right to penalties and interest on delinquent property tax receivables and actual proceeds collected. This agreement is still operational as of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

#### NOTE 7 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The District employs a relative of a member of management staff. This transaction is approved annually by the Board of Directors as part of the budget process. For the year ended June 30, 2019, \$81,018 was paid in salaries under his employment.

#### NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District is a member of the Special District Management Authority (SDRMA), an intergovernmental risk sharing joint powers authority created to provide self-insurance programs from California Special Districts. The purpose of the SDRMA is to arrange and administer programs of self-insured losses and to purchase excess insurance coverage. At June 30, 2019, the District participated in the liability and property programs of the SDRMA as follows:

• General and auto liability, public officials and employees' errors and omissions: Total risk financing self-insurance limits of \$2,500,000, combined single limit at \$2,500,000 per occurrence. The District purchased additional excess coverage layers: \$2,500,000 for general, auto and public officials liability, which increases the limit on the insurance coverage noted above.

#### NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT (concluded)

In addition to the above, the District also has the following insurance coverage:

- Employee dishonesty coverage up to \$400,000 per loss includes public employee dishonesty, forgery or alteration and theft, disappearance and destruction coverages.
- Property loss is paid at the replacement cost for property on file, if replaced within two years after the loss, otherwise paid on an actual cash value basis, to a combined total of \$1.0 billion per occurrence, subject to a \$2,000 deductible per occurrence.
- Boiler and machinery coverage for the replacement cost up to \$100 million per occurrence, subject to a \$1,000 deductible per occurrence.
- Public officials personal liability up to \$500,000 each occurrence, with an annual aggregate of \$100,000 per each elected/appointed official to which this coverage applies, subject to the terms, with a deductible of \$500 per claim. Workers' compensation insurance up to \$100 million per occurrence and Employer's Liability Coverage up to \$5 million.

Settled claims have not exceeded any of the coverage amounts in any of the last three fiscal years.

There were no reductions in insurance coverage in fiscal years 2019 and 2018. Liabilities are recorded when it is probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated net of the respective insurance coverage. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR). There were no IBNR claims payable as of June 30, 2019.

#### NOTE 9 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Nuclear Free Zone -The Board of Directors of Inverness Public Utility District adopted an ordinance on November 6, 1990, declaring the District as a Nuclear Free Zone and thereby joined in with other Nuclear Free Zone communities in eliminating the profit incentive for nuclear weapons makers by means of an economic boycott. As a result of this ordinance, the District shall purchase no product or service of or from any nuclear weapon maker, except that the District may purchase such a product or service where required by law or where no other product or service can be found in sufficient quality or suitability and at a low enough price to be consistent with good management practice and safety. The District shall include a copy of the ordinance with all requests for proposals and all purchase orders. The Board of Directors of the District shall meet annually to review the investment options and determine if the transfer of District funds to a financial institution that makes no investments in nuclear weapons makers ("Nuclear Free Fund") is consistent with State law and prudent management.

Marin Emergency Radio Authority - During fiscal year 1999, the District became a member of the Marin Emergency Radio Authority (Authority). The Authority is a joint exercise of powers agency created on February 28, 1998, pursuant to the California Government Code and a Joint Powers Agreement, by and among the County of Marin and twenty-five local agencies within the County (collectively, the "Members"). The Authority's purpose is to plan, finance, implement, manage, own and operate a multi-jurisdictional and County-wide public safety and emergency radio system. During 1999, the Authority issued bonds to finance the acquisition and installation of a County-wide public safety and emergency radio system (the "Project"), to fund a reserve fund, to fund capitalized interest on the 1999 bonds and to pay the costs incurred in issuing the 1999 bonds. The Project will be owned and operated by the Authority. The Members will use the radio service provided by the Project to carry out public safety and emergency functions in their individual service areas.

#### NOTE 9 - <u>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES</u> (concluded)

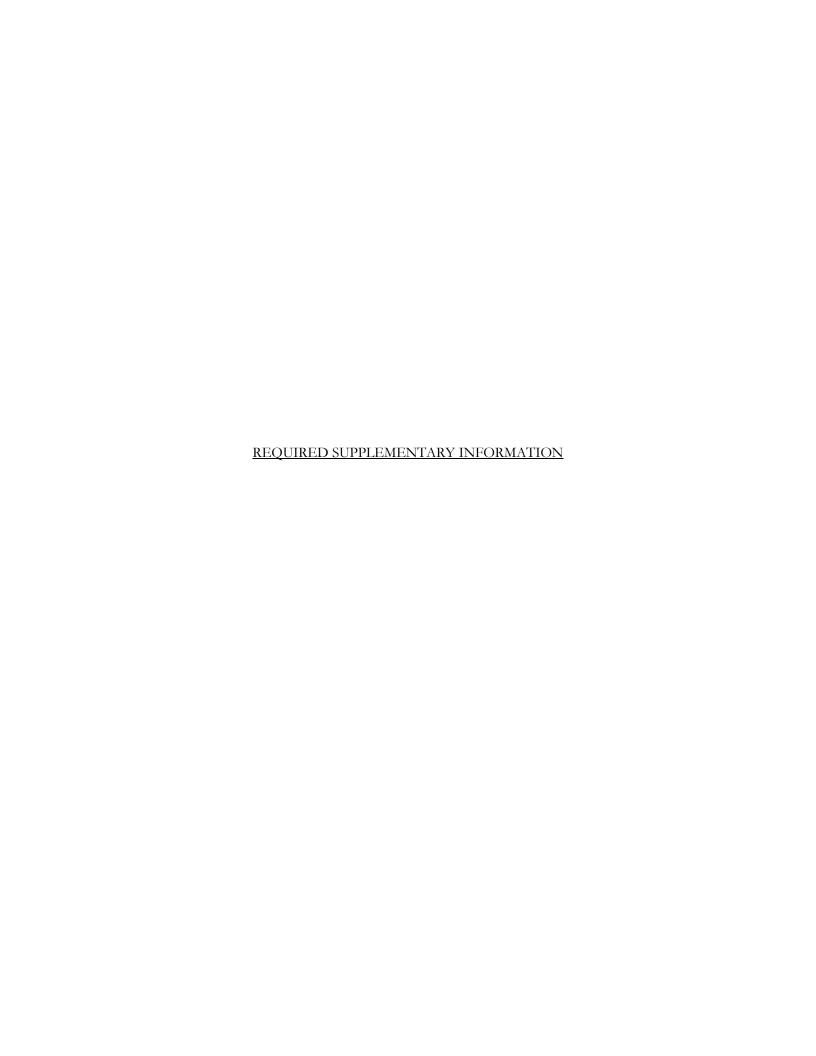
The 1999 bonds are special obligations of the Authority payable solely from revenues consisting generally of the service payments to be made by the County and the Members within the County under an operating agreement. Scheduled payments began in August 2001. In addition, the District is obligated to pay a share of the Authority's annual operating costs. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the debt service costs associated with the District's participation in the Authority were \$12,010.

A copy of the Authority's financial statements is available upon request from the Marin County Administrator's office at 3501 Civic Center Drive, Room 325, San Rafael, CA 94903.

<u>Grant Awards</u> - Grant funds received by the District are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Such audit could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agencies for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. Management of the District believes that such disallowances, if any, would not be significant.

#### NOTE 10- <u>SUBSEQUENT EVENT - CORONAVIRUS PANDEMIC</u>

In December 2019, an outbreak of a novel strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) began to spread among various countries, including the United States. On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization characterized COVID-19 as a pandemic. In addition, multiple jurisdictions in the U.S., including California, have declared a state of emergency and issued shelter-in-place orders in response to the outbreak. The immediate impact to the District's operations includes restrictions on employees' and volunteers' ability to work, and it is anticipated that the impacts from this pandemic will continue for some time. As of the report date, the financial impact of the coronavirus outbreak cannot be measured.



#### Inverness Public Utility District Required Supplemental Information GENERAL FUND

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

						Var	iance with
		Budgeted			al Budget Positive		
	(	Original	Final		Actual	(N	Vegative)
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$	583,400	\$ 577,000	\$	618,174	\$	41,174
Use of money and property		-	200		13,457		13,257
Other revenues		2,400	 4,575		13,561		8,986
Total revenues		585,800	 581,775		645,192		63,417
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government		282,000	320,277		322,007		(1,730)
Public safety		315,800	 310,899		369,324		(58,425)
Total expenditures		597,800	 631,176		691,331		(60,155)
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(12,000)	\$ (49,401)		(46,139)	\$	3,262
Fund balance, beginning of period					1,949,945		
Fund balance, end of period				\$	1,903,806		

#### Inverness Public Utility District As of June 30, 2019

#### \*Last 5 Years\*

#### SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Schedule of the Proportionate Share			Misc.			Misc.			Misc.			Misc.			1	Misc.
of the Net Pension Liability	Sa	fety Plan	Plan	S	afety Plan	Plan	S	afety Plan	Plan	Sa	afety Plan	Plan	Sa	afety Plan		Plan
(Measurement Date)		2018	 2018		2017	 2017		2016	 2016		2015	2015		2014	2	2014
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.2050%	0.7070%	)	0.7070%	0.2090%		0.0027%	0.0071%		0.0027%	0.0070%		0.0015%		0.0037%
Proportionate share of the net																
pension liability	\$	120,488	\$ 266,448	\$	120,488	\$ 266,448	\$	106,929	\$ 246,696	\$	76,909 \$	\$ 200,453	\$	90,873 \$		231,036
Covered - employee payroll	\$	128,841	\$ 270,881	\$	126,949	\$ 270,881	\$	218,410	\$ 93,762	\$	44,712 \$	\$ 236,606	\$	87,737 \$		257,863
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		93.52%	98.36%	)	94.91%	98.36%		48.96%	263.11%		172.01%	84.72%		103.57%		89.60%
1 , 1 ,																
Plan fiduciary net position as a percer of the total pension liability	ıtage	76.81%	75.39%	)	76.81%	75.39%		78.72%	75.76%		84.31%	78.89%		81.46%		74.15%

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE:

<sup>\*</sup>Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

#### Inverness Public Utility District As of June 30, 2018

\*Last 4 Years\*

#### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

			Misc.			Misc.			Misc.			Misc.			Misc.
SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS	Sa	fety Plan	Plan	Sa	fety Plan	Plan	Sa	fety Plan	Plan	Sa	fety Plan	Plan	Sat	fety Plan	Plan
Fiscal Year End		2019	2019		2018	2018		2017	2017		2016	 2016		2015	 2015
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$	10,770	\$ 40,249	\$	4,216	\$ 20,942	\$	23,601	\$ 8,518	\$	12,041	\$ 54,094	\$	6,663	\$ 31,622
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		(10,770)	(40,249)		(4,216)	(20,942)		(23,601)	(8,518)		(12,041)	(54,094)		(6,663)	(31,622)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$		\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 
Covered-employee payroll during the fiscal year Contributions as a percentage of	\$	138,419	\$ 308,500	\$	126,949	\$ 270,881	\$	218,410	\$ 93,762	\$	44,712	\$ 236,606	\$	87,737	\$ 257,863
covered-employee payroll		7.78%	13.05%		3.32%	7.73%		10.81%	9.08%		26.93%	22.86%		7.59%	12.26%

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE:

<sup>\*</sup>Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

### Inverness Public Utility District SCHEDULE OF CHANGE IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY

#### AND RELATED RATIOS

For the year ended June 30, 2019

Total OPEB Liability		2019	2018
Service cost	\$	34,947	\$ 34,947
Interest		8,327	8,327
Effects of economic/demographic gains or losses		688,136	688,136
Benefit payments, included refunds of employee contributions		(37,284)	(37,284)
Effects of Assumptions changes or inputs		(101,900)	(101,900)
Net change in total OPEB liability		592,226	592,226
Total OPEB liability - beginning of year		399,940	 399,940
Total OPEB liability - end of year	\$	992,166	\$ 992,166
Plan Fiduciary Net Position			
Net investment income	\$	24,686	\$ 24,686
Contributions			
Employer - explicit subsidy		37,284	37,284
Employer - implicit subsidy		-	-
Benefit payments, included refunds of employee contributions		(37,284)	(37,284)
Implicit rate subsidy fulfilled		-	-
Administrative expense		(739)	 (739)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		23,947	23,947
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning of year		399,940	 399,940
Plan fiduciary net position - end of year	\$	423,887	\$ 423,887
District's net OPEB liability - end of year	<u>\$</u>	568,279	\$ 568,279
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		42.72%	42.72%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	446,919	\$ 397,830
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		127.15%	142.84%

The schedules present information to illustrate changes in the District's changes in the net OPEB liability over a ten-year period when the information is available.